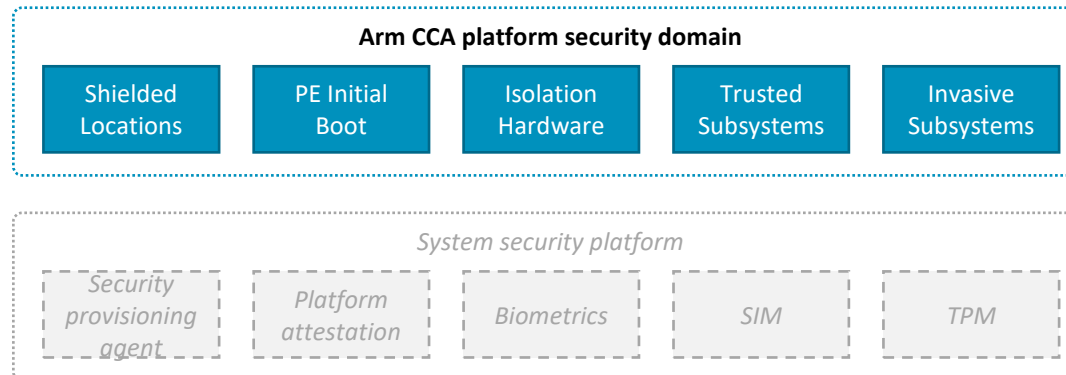
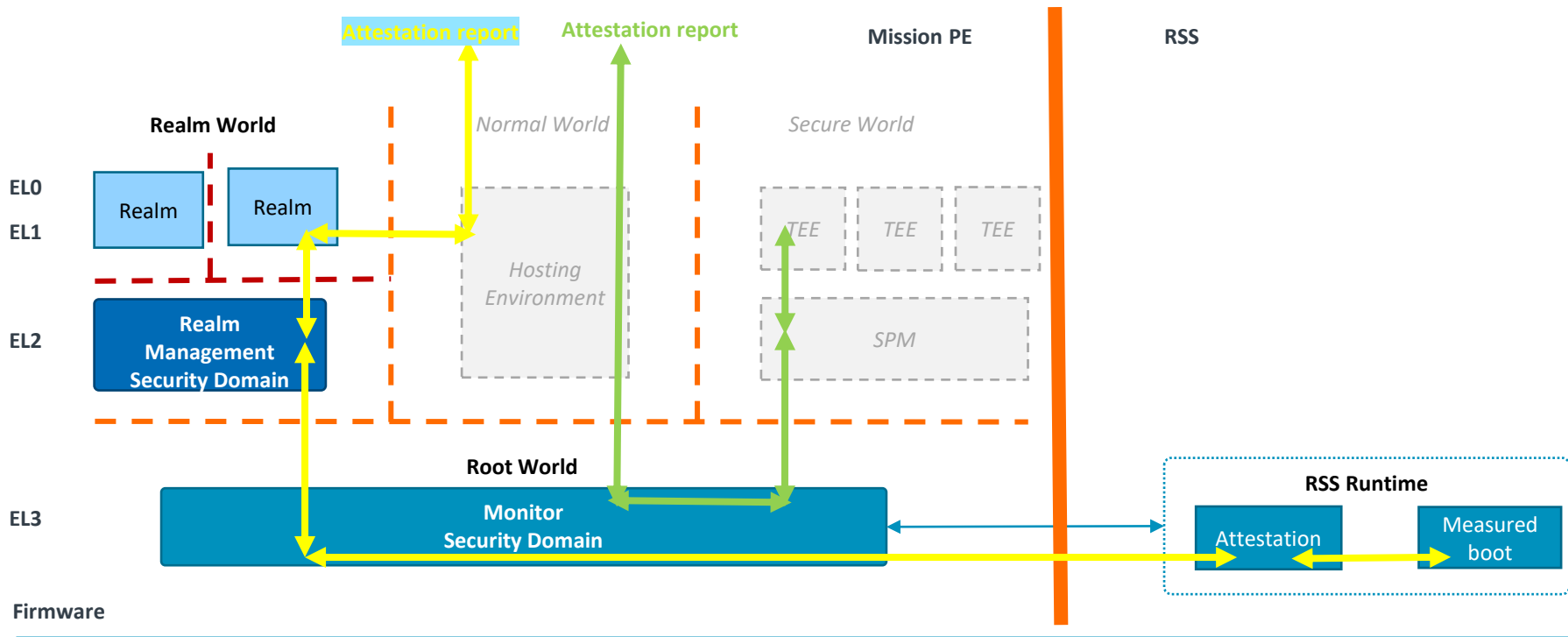


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Attestation and Measured Boot

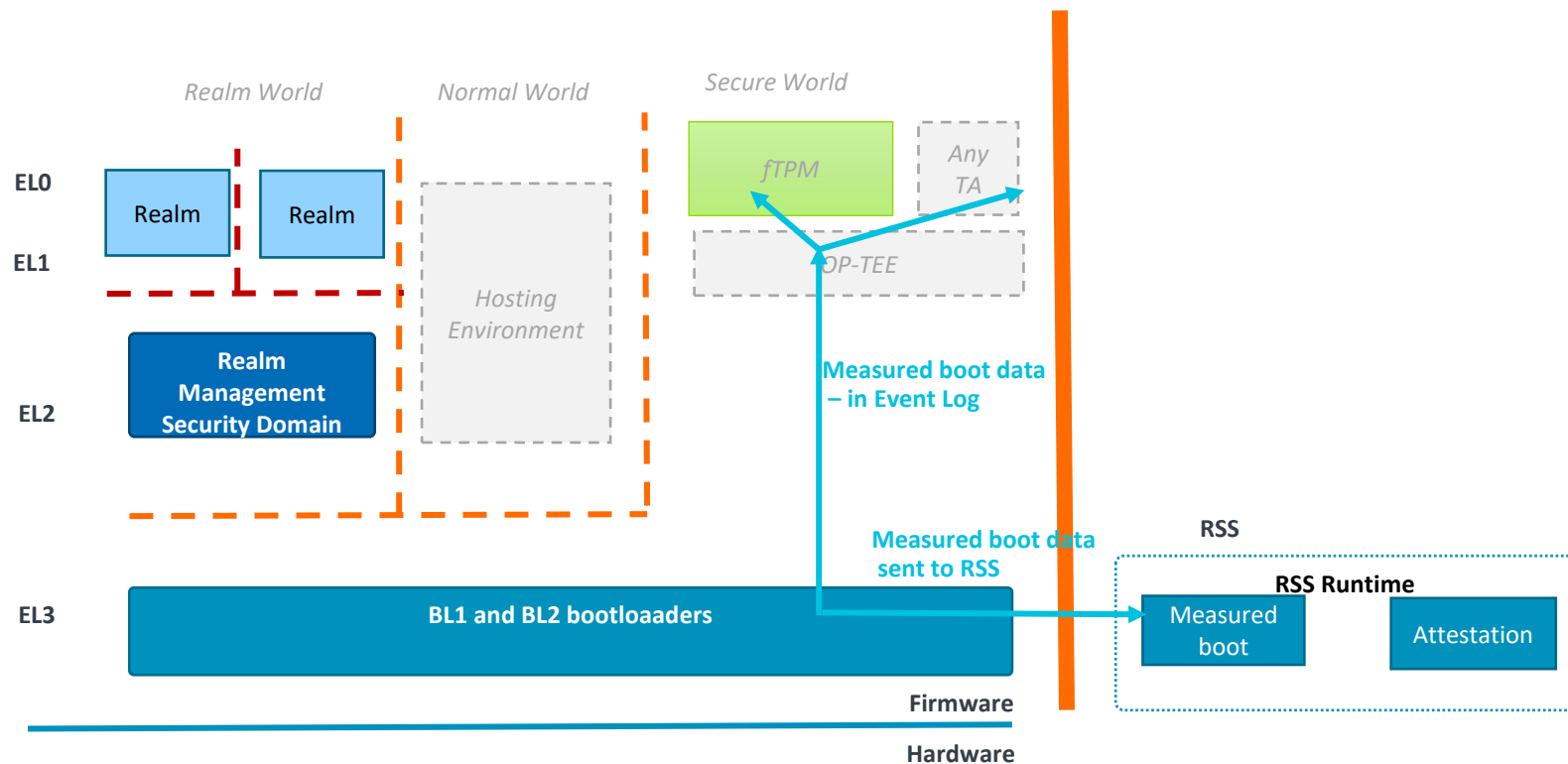
Tamas Ban

Attestation on high level



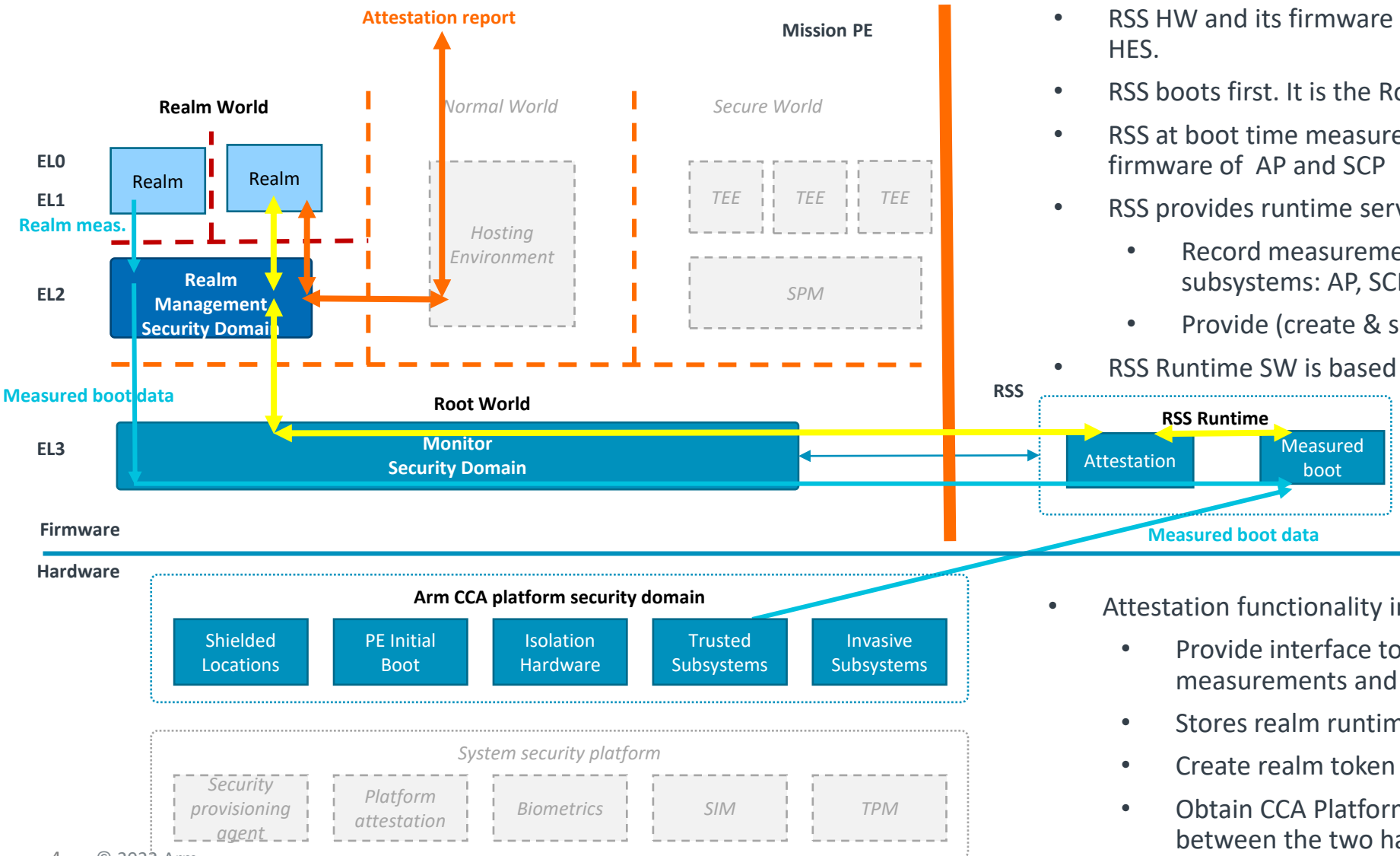
- Attestation report is a bundle of evidence, cryptographically signed by a known key.
- It is used to prove for a Realm user that Realm is running on the top of Arm CCA HW & SW.
- Report verifier can assess system's trustworthiness.
- CCA attestation token consist of two halves, with crypto binding:
 - Arm CCA Platform token
 - Realm token
- Realm attestation is specified by
 - CCA Security Model: <https://developer.arm.com/documentation/DEN0096/1/atest>.
 - RMM spec: It will be published later this year.

Measured boot on high level



- During boot, the loaded images and additional data (config data) is measured by bootloaders.
- Measurement means in this context to compute hash value. E.g.:
 - BL1 measures BL2: SHA256(BL2)
- **Measured boot data:**
 - Measurements (hash)
 - Additional data (metadata): signer-id, measurement-algo, sw-version
- So far, in TF-A **Measured boot data** is propagated upwards: EL3 -> EL0. NS world gets a copy too. Through shared memory.
- RSS is a secure subsystem. It has lower performance than the AP.
- With the introduction of RSS, the **measured boot data** can be stored by RSS as well.
- These can co-exist.

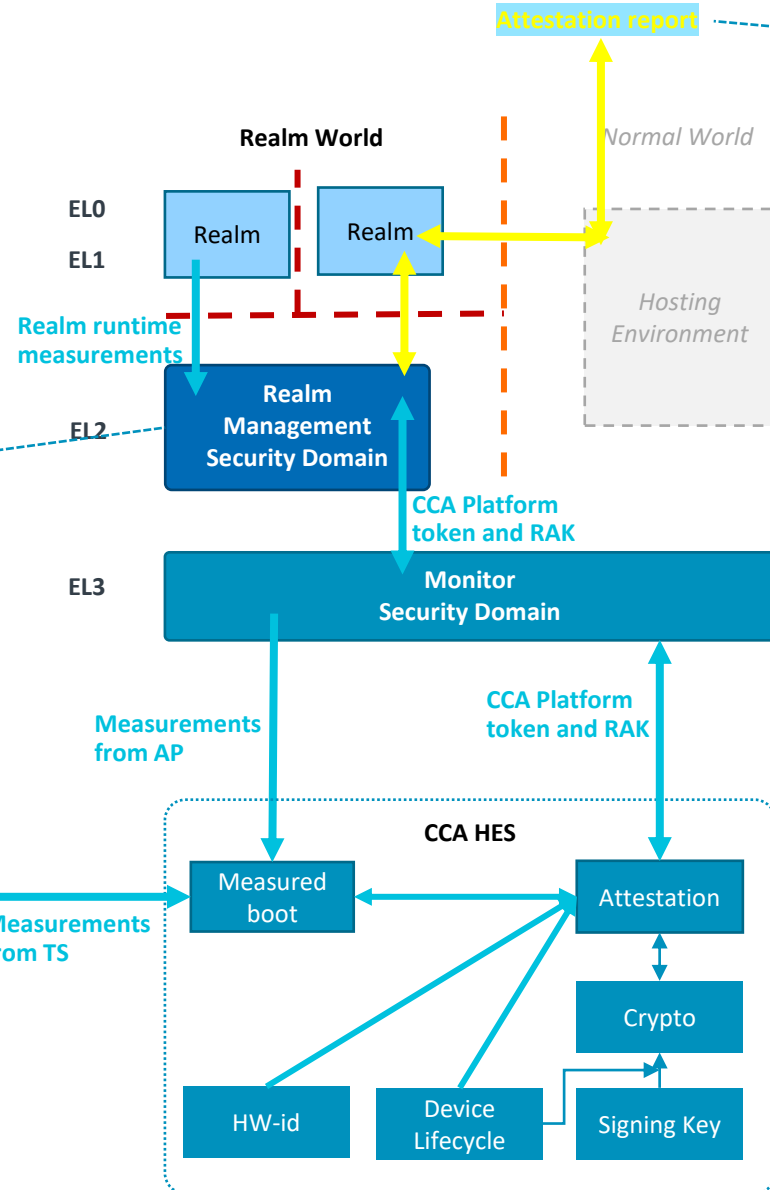
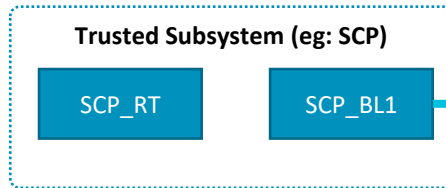
Realm world attestation



- [CCA Security Model](#) strongly recommends the presence of a CCA HES component.
 - CCA HES is a set of functional requirements and HW isolation.
 - RSS HW and its firmware is the reference implementation of CCA HES.
 - RSS boots first. It is the RoT.
 - RSS at boot time measures and records RSS firmware and initial boot firmware of AP and SCP
 - RSS provides runtime service:
 - Record measurements, which are computed by other subsystems: AP, SCP, etc.
 - Provide (create & sign) CCA Platform attestation report.
 - RSS Runtime SW is based on TF-M.
-
- Attestation functionality in RMM:
 - Provide interface to Realm Runtime to record measurements and obtain attestation token.
 - Stores realm runtime + initial content measurement.
 - Create realm token (CBOR + COSE encoding).
 - Obtain CCA Platform token and create crypto binding between the two halves.

Data flow

- RMM responsibilities:
- At boot obtain CCA Platform token and Realm Attestation Key (RAK)
 - CCA Platform token is cached
 - Create Realm initial content measurements
 - Provide interface to store in-realm SW runtime measurements and get attest token
 - Provides memory slots for runtime measurements and extend them
 - Encodes data to form Realm token on request and signs the Realm token
 - Realm + CCA Platform token is retrieved



- Attestation request:
- Received through Host OS from relying party (remote entity)
 - Routed to corresponding realm

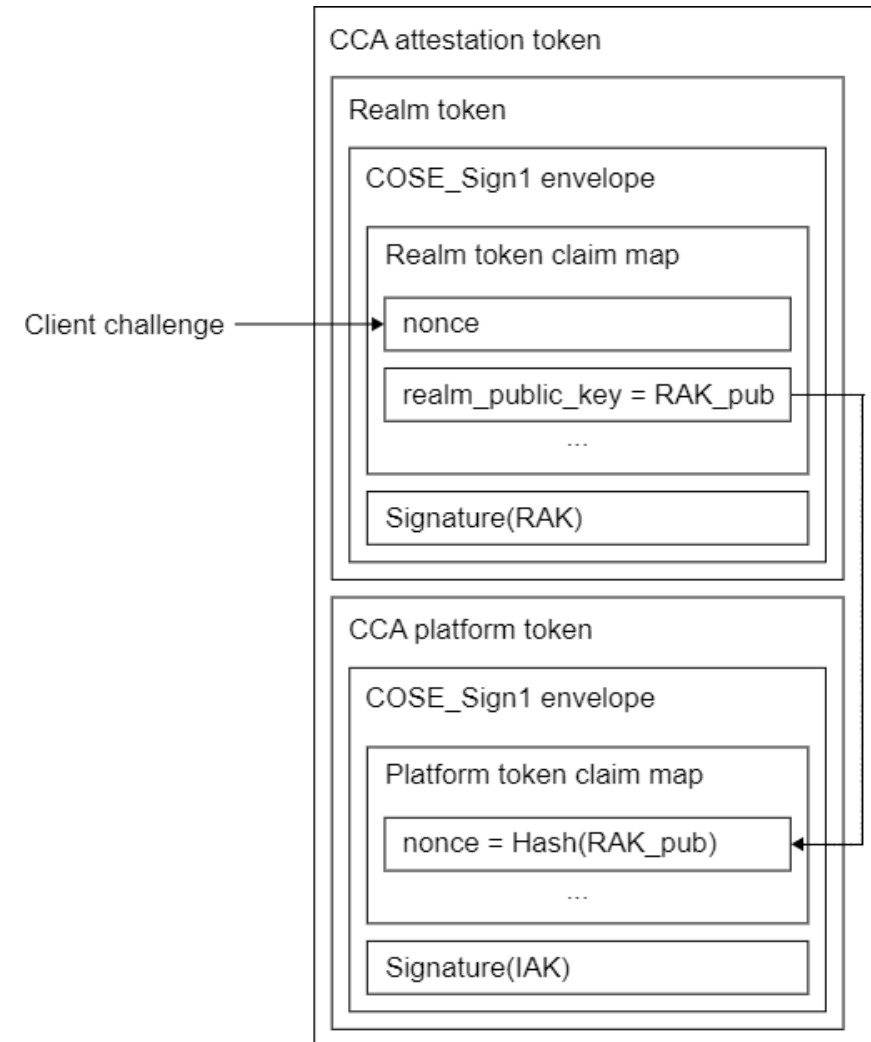
- ↔ Happens at system boot time
- ↔ Happens at realm boot time

- Monitor SD responsibilities:
- Mediates b/w RMM and RSS
 - Boot time measurements (EL3, R-EL2) pushed to RSS

- CCA HES responsibilities:
- Root of Trust
 - Boot first, loads initial SCP and AP images
 - Provide measured boot and attestation service
 - Owns initial attestation key (IAK) in shielded location.
 - Derives Realm Attestation Key (RAK)
 - Has exclusive access to other device secrets: lifecycle, HW-id
 - Takes input (hash of RAK) from AP to create a hash binding b/w Realm and CCA Platform token
 - Encodes data to form CCA Platform token and signs it

What is in the attestation token?

- + Composed of two halves (concatenated):
 - Realm token
 - CCA Platform token
- + Realm token:
 - Challenge from relying party
 - Realm measurements
- + CCA Platform token:
 - HW config
 - Device Lifecycle
 - Hash(RAK_pub)
 - CCA Firmware measurements
- + CCA Platform token is signed by RSS with IAK
- + RAK is derived by RSS
- + RMM queries RAK and CCA Platform token
- + Realm token is signed by RMM with RAK



AP – RSS communication

- + Only a few message exchange during boot; No messaging at runtime
- + Simple MHU driver is linked to BL1, BL2, BL31
- + Boot process is executed by single core. -> Concurrent calls not handled
- + Calls have a blocking semantics
- + Errors are handled as fatal error
- + EL3 uses only a single MHU device pair (1-1 comms). -> No device identifier in API
- + Generic MHU API has added:
 - `enum mhu_error_t mhu_send_data(const uint8_t *send_buffer, size_t size);`
 - `enum mhu_error_t mhu_receive_data(uint8_t *receive_buffer, size_t *size);`
- + Comms layer is abstracted by PSA API.
- + Protocol layer is packed C structures. Based on [FF-M spec](#).
- + Internal APIs in EL3 not meant to be exposed to S/NS world. Except to RMM to obtain CCA Platform token and RAK.

Measured boot in RSS

- + An alternative measured boot backend to the Event log solution.
- + Event log and RSS measured boot can co-exist on the same platform.
- + It is configurable which measurements to store by which backend.
 - BL31 -> Event Log and RSS
 - but RMM -> RSS
- + At this point only Realm world TCB is planned to be stored in RSS.
- + In the future, S and NS measurements may also be stored in RSS.
- + Measurements are stored in RSS internal SRAM, no special HW (e.g.: TPM). In so called „measurement slots“. The number of slots is IMPDEF.
- + Measurements are extended:
 - $\text{measurement_slot_new_value} = \text{SHAxxx}(\text{measurement_slot_old_value} \parallel \text{new_measurement})$
 - \parallel stands for concatenation
- + Metadata is stored alongside with measurement:
 - Mandatory: signer-id
 - Optional: SW version, hash algo identifier, SW type (e.g.: AP_BL1, BL31, etc.)

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Thank You

Danke

Gracias

Grazie

谢谢

ありがとう

Asante

Merci

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Kiitos

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