

The ARM logo is displayed in a white, lowercase, sans-serif font. The background of the slide is a complex, abstract digital pattern in shades of blue and teal, featuring a grid of small white plus signs and glowing orange and yellow circular elements that resemble data points or circuitry.

arm

Trusted Firmware-M
Musca-B1 Secure
Enclave Solution

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Agenda

- Goals of the Secure Enclave solution
- Limitations in the Musca-B1 board
- Flash layout and boot-flow
- Details of IPC message forwarding

Reference open source Secure Enclave solution

Secure Enclave is a separate subsystem next to an application core

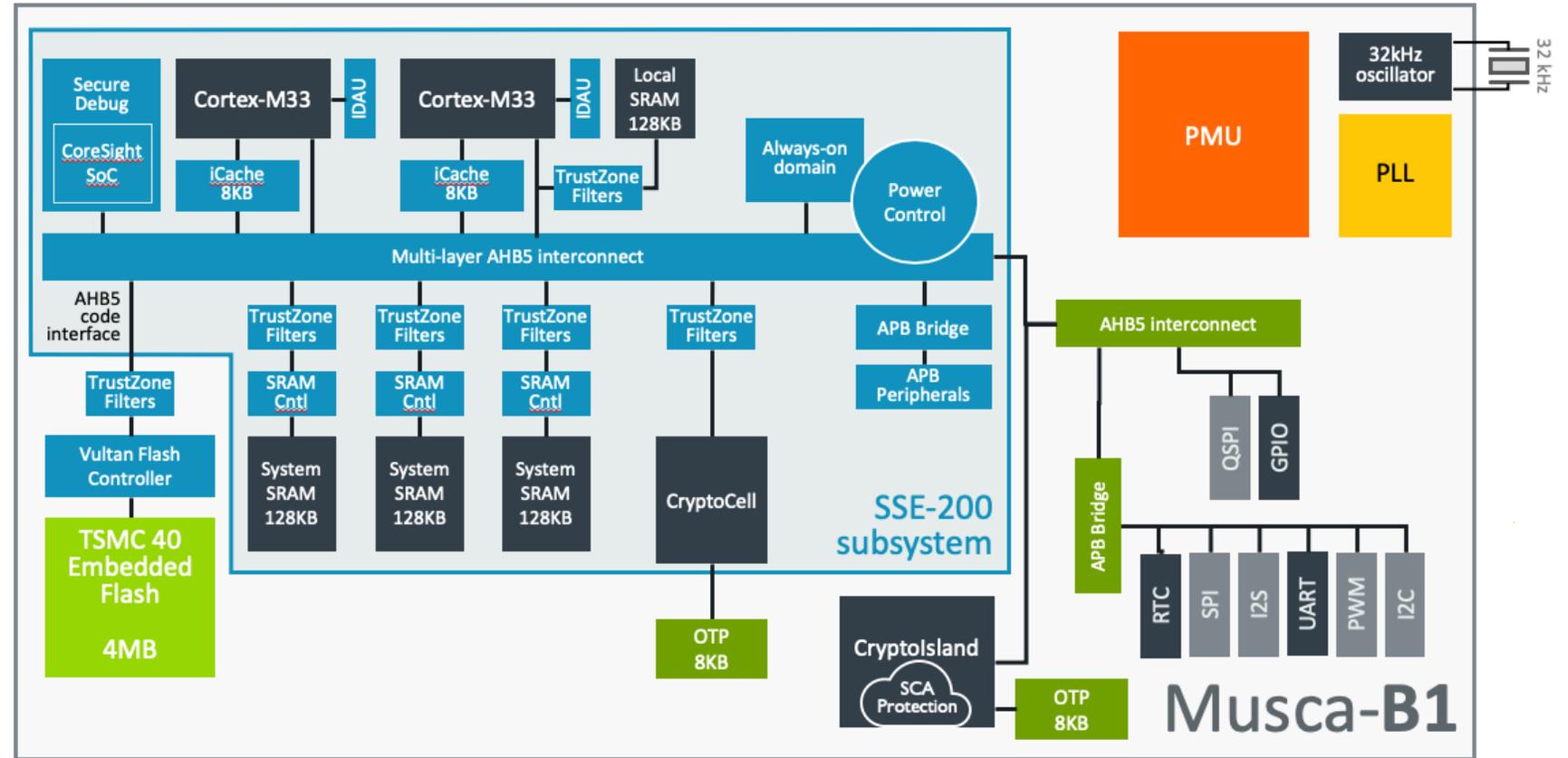
We are running TF-M on it as another platform configuration of TF-M

Responsibilities:

- Provides the RoT in the system
- Secure boot-flow
- Provides PSA RoT services
 - Additional level of isolation for PSA RoT
 - PSA program defines PSA RoT (most trusted security domain) and Application RoT (for additional secure services) domains

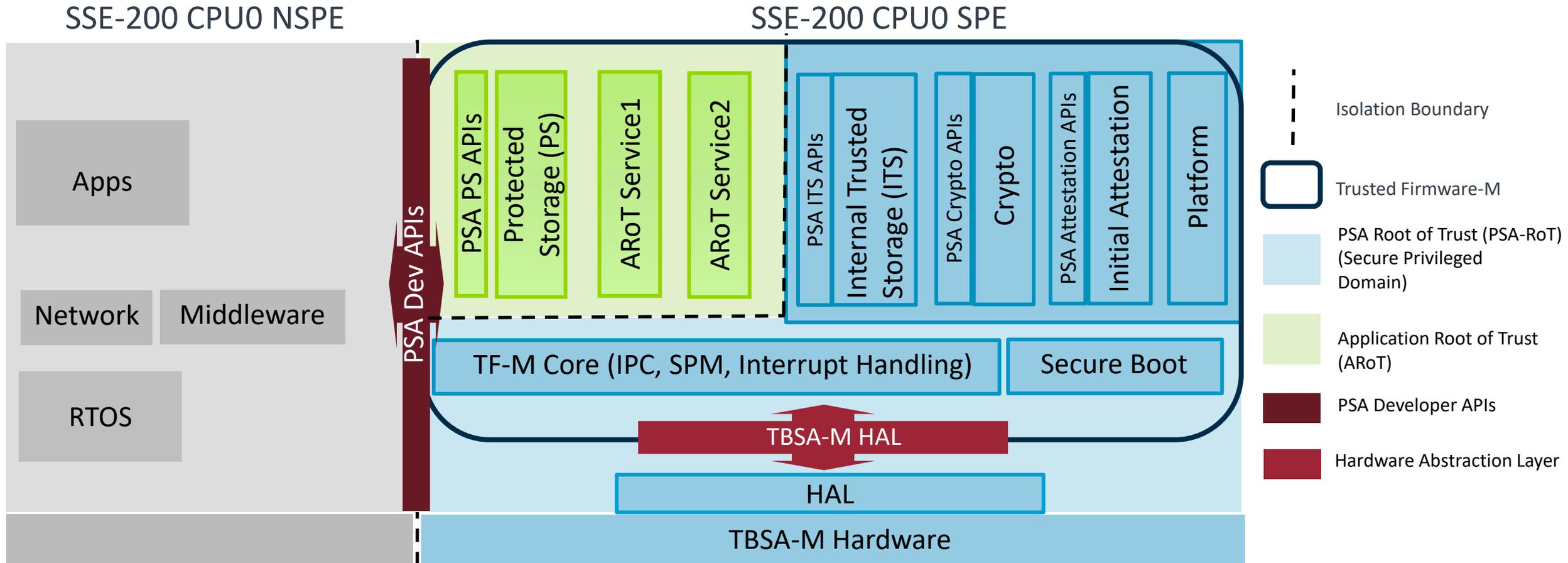
Musca-B1 board

PSA development platform for IoT

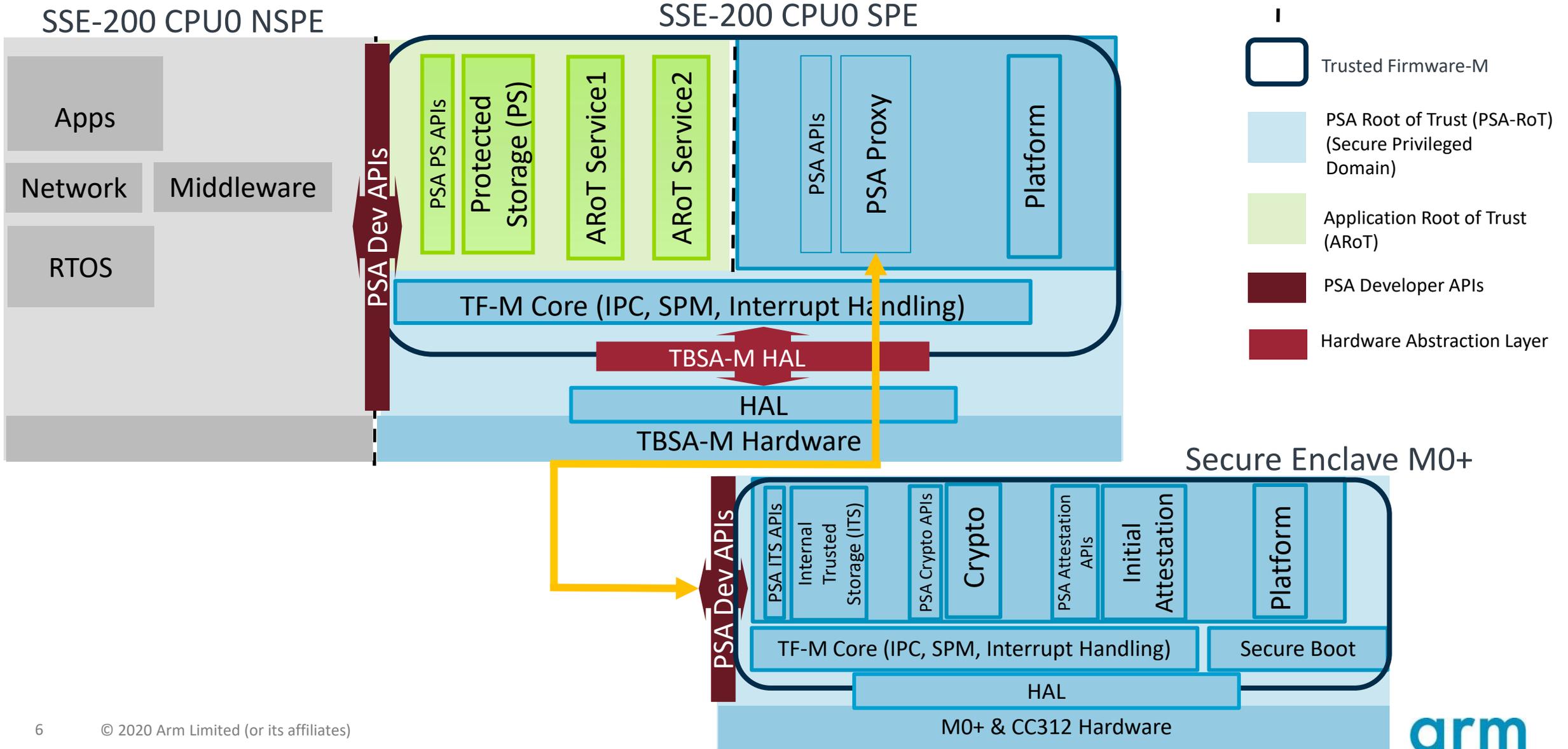


Current TF-M architecture on Musca-B1

In case of PSA Isolation Level 2



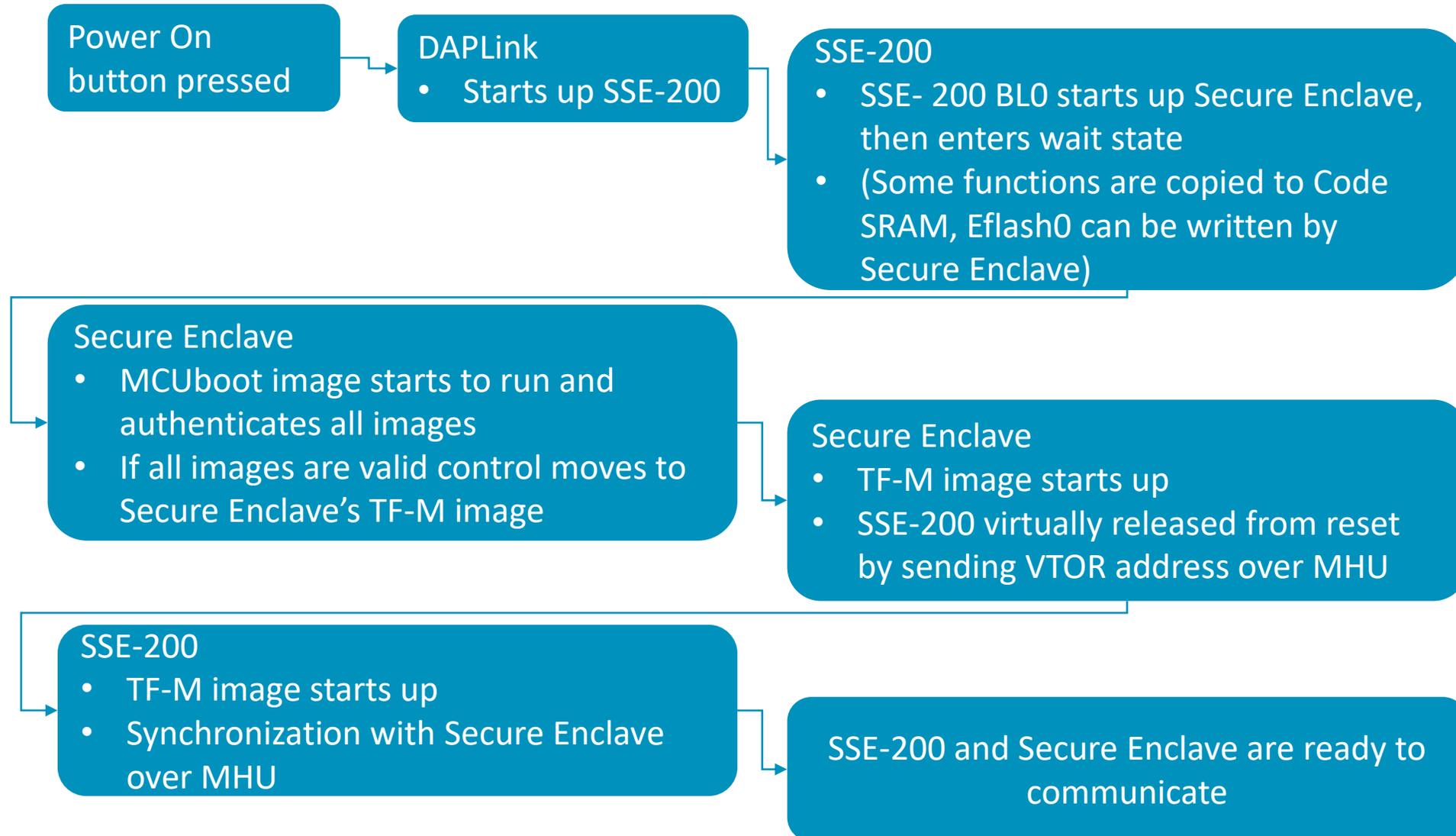
Secure Enclave Solution



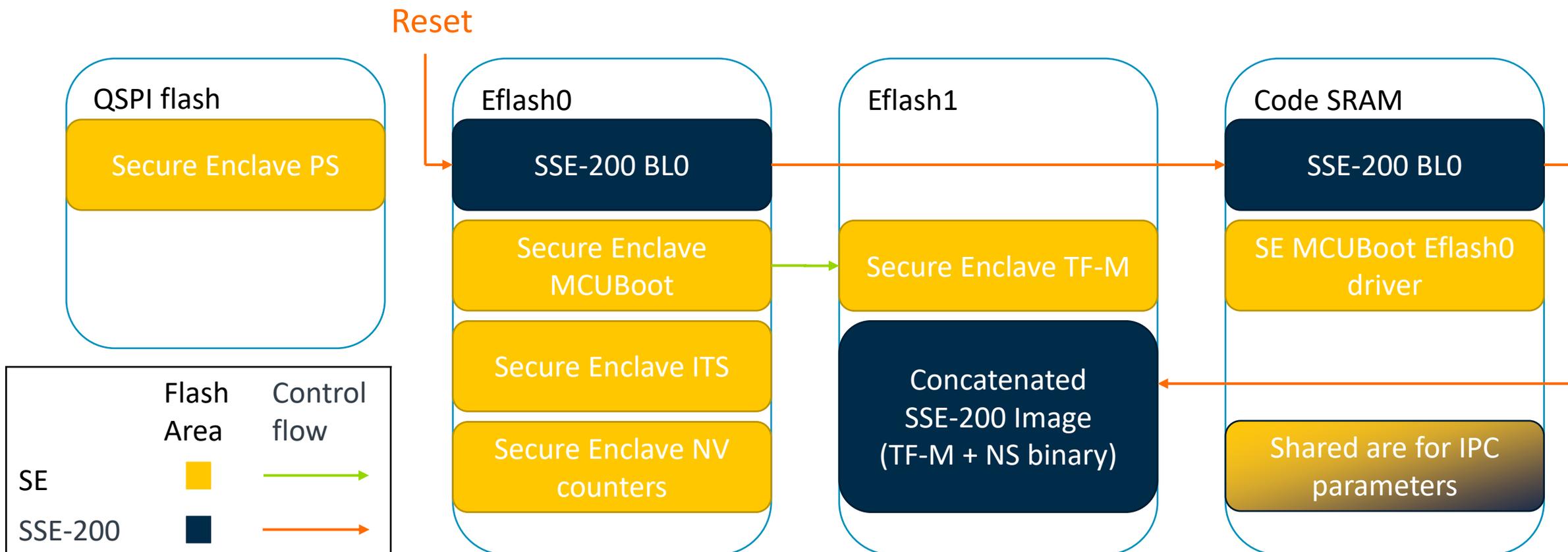
Limitations from Secure Enclave point of view

- Secure Enclave does not have serial output
- In the Musca-B1 SoC SSE-200 always has access to important system assets (flash controllers, SCC controller, etc.)
- Desired boot-flow would be to start up Secure Enclave first, and then SSE-200 should be started up by Secure Enclave
 - The DAPLink FW releases the SSE-200 subsystem from reset first, it would require complex changes to modify the boot order
 - SSE-200 BL0 component imitates that Secure Enclave is the first system that starts to run
 - Without SSE-200 BL0 the boot flow can be treated as a valid reference solution

Boot chain

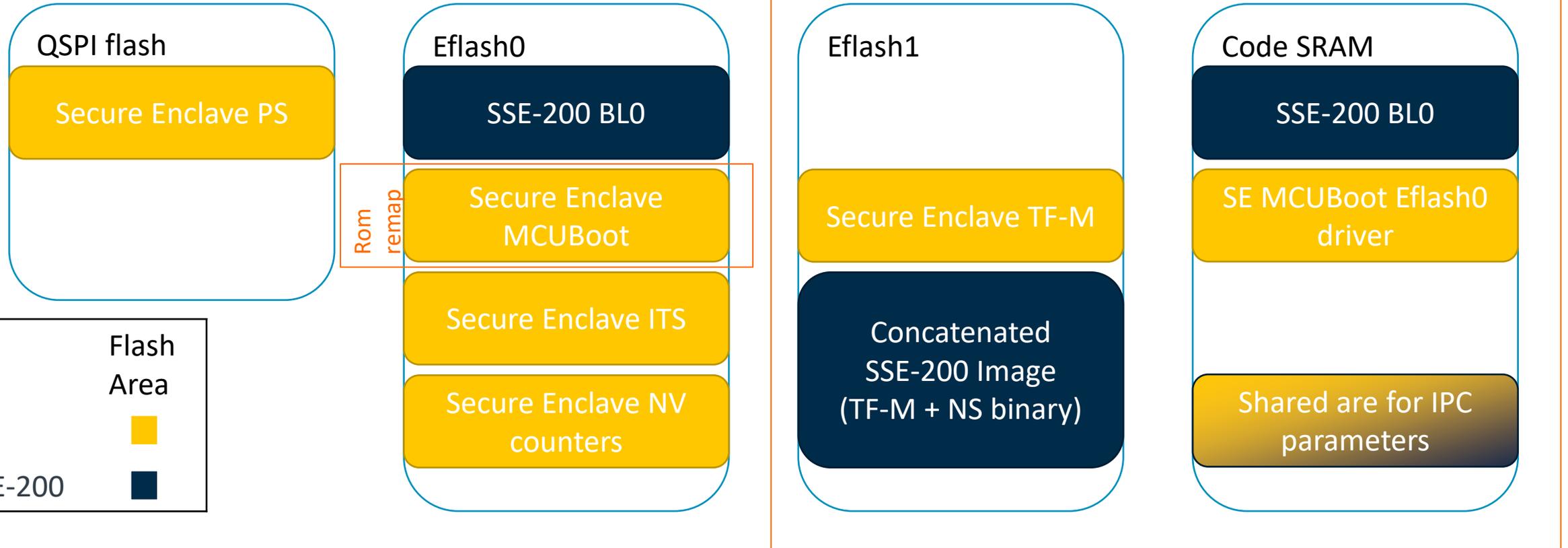


Musca-B1 flash layout with Secure Enclave



- SSE-200 BLO just starts up SE by writing SCC registers, then waits for MHU message
- If SE finds all images intact it virtually starts up SSE-200 by sending an MHU message

Secure Enclave remaps

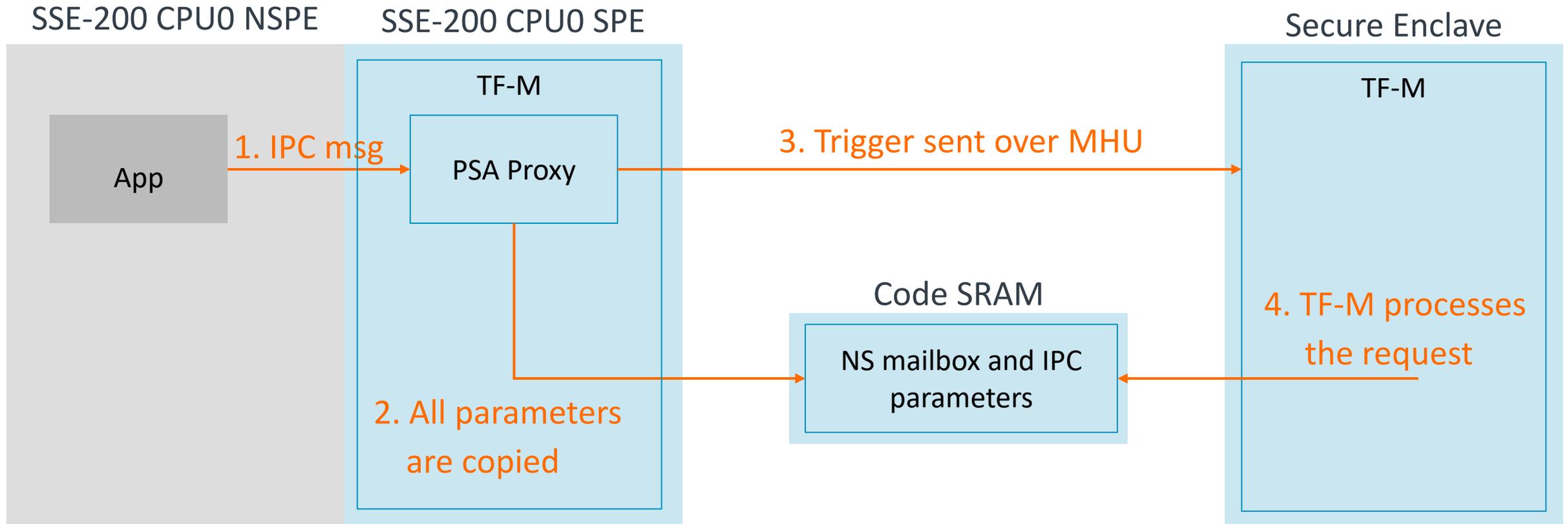


- Sys remap is used to access flash controllers from Secure Enclave
- Secure Enclave has its internal RAM

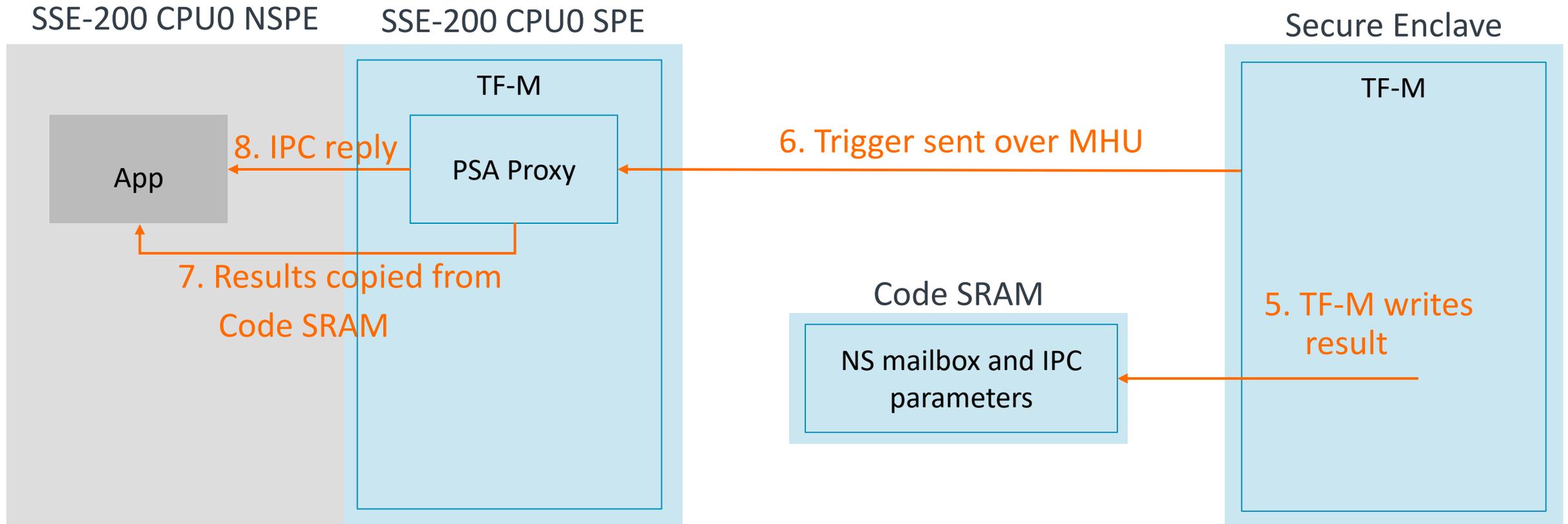
IPC message forwarding

- Reuses mailbox solution already available in Cypress port
- In the SSE-200 subsystem PSA Proxy Partition provides virtually all PSA RoT services
- PSA parameters are copied into the Code SRAM to be accessible by Secure Enclave (This copy can be eliminated if Secure Enclave can access all memory regions)

IPC message forwarding II



IPC message forwarding III



IPC message forwarding IV

- If a request is sent by PSA Proxy control is given back to SPM while waiting for answer from Secure Enclave
- More PSA messages can be forwarded simultaneously
- Secure Enclave cannot process messages parallelly, but that can change in the future

Planned schedule

- Start review by early September
- Merge solution at end of September

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Thank You

Danke

Merci

谢谢

ありがとう

Gracias

Kiitos

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